

SPECIFICATIONS

Horizontal Beamwidth:

100° @ 2.0 kHz (see Figure 2)

Vertical Beamwidth:

60° @ 2.0 kHz (see Figure 2)

Directivity Factor R_0 (Q):

15.9 @ 2.0 kHz (see Figure 3)

Usable Low-Frequency Limit:

250 Hz

Construction:

Non-resonant glass fibre reinforced polyester compression molding with self-colored gray finish. Positive-lock painted steel U-bracket.

Mechanical Connection of Driver:

Threaded metal throat insert to accommodate a screw-in driver with a throat opening of 0.7-inch to 1.0-inch diameter and a standard 1 $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch thread.

Dimensions,

Height:

36.8 cm (14.5 in.)

Width:

69.2 cm (27.5 in.)

Depth:

38.1 cm (15.0 in.)

Net Weight:

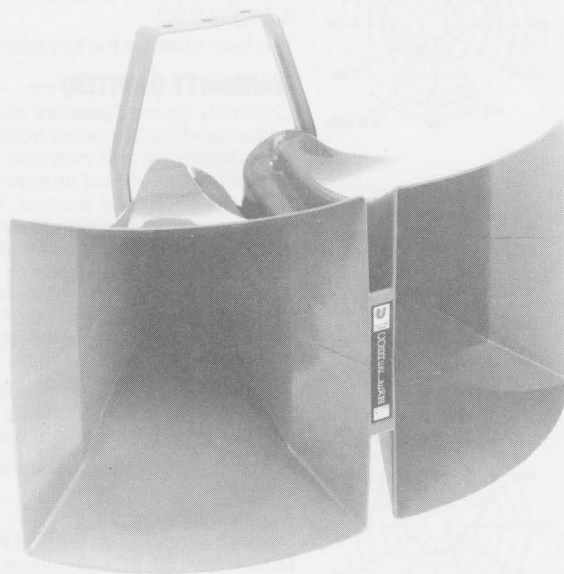
3.2 kg (7.0 lb)

Shipping Weight:

4.5 kg (10.0 lb)

Recommended Drivers:

ID30C-8	7110XC
ID30C-16	1824S
ID30CT	1828C
ID60C-8	1828T
ID60C-16	1829
ID60CT	1829T
ID75	



DESCRIPTION

The University Sound Cobreflex III is a folded sectoral, wide-angle horn for use in public address, paging, and voice warning systems.

This folded sectoral construction results in both compactness and high efficiency when combined with the appropriate University Sound compression drivers.

The patented (patent # 4,176,731) folded design features two separate air columns in a single assembly which virtually eliminates high-frequency phase cancellation present in reentrant designs.

The 100° horizontal by 60° vertical dispersion pattern is beneficial in many applications requiring a wide coverage pattern. Furthermore, excellent loading is maintained to a low-frequency cutoff of 250 Hz.

The Cobreflex III is constructed from a non-resonant glass fibre reinforced polyester with a self-colored gray finish. A serrated positive-lock "U" mounting bracket is provided for maximum mounting flexibility and ease of installation.

POLAR RESPONSE

The directional characteristics of the Cobreflex III, with driver attached, were measured by running a set of polar responses, in University's large anechoic chamber, at each one-third octave center frequency. The test signal was one-third-octave pseudorandom pink noise centered at the indicated frequencies. The measurement microphone was placed 6.1 m (20 ft.) from the horn mouth, while rotation was about the waveguide geometric apexes. These apexes of rotation are quite close to the apparent (acoustic) apexes across the frequency range of measurement. Errors attributable to the slight differences between the geometric and acoustic apexes are reduced to an inconsequential level by the relatively long, 20-foot measuring distance. The horn was suspended freely with no baffle. The polar plots shown in Figure 2 display the results of these tests. The center frequency is noted on each plot. The wider plot on each chart is the horizontal polar (—) and the narrower plot is the vertical polar ---).

BEAMWIDTH

A plot of the Cobreflex III's 6-dB-down total included beamwidth angle is shown in Figure 1 for each one-third-octave center frequency.

DIRECTIVITY

The axial directivity factor R_0 (formerly Q) of the Cobreflex III horn was computed at each one-third-octave center frequency from the horizontal/vertical polars and is displayed in Figure 3.

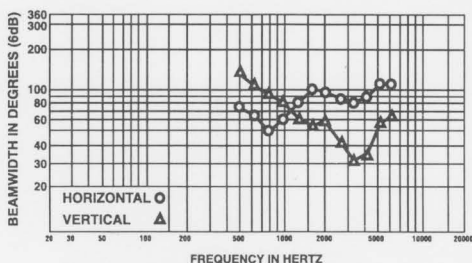


FIGURE 1
Cobreflex III Beamwidth vs. Frequency

ARCHITECTS' AND ENGINEERS' SPECIFICATIONS

The horn shall be of the folded sectoral type featuring two separate air columns within the single assembly. It shall produce a horizontal beamwidth of 100° and a vertical beamwidth of 60° at 2.0 kHz. In addition, it shall provide useful acoustic loading at all frequencies above 250 Hz.

The horn shall be constructed from a non-resonant glass fibre reinforced polyester and self-finished in an ultraviolet-inhibiting gray.

A serrated, positive-lock "U" mounting bracket shall be affixed to the bell by self-locking nuts and shall provide orientation adjustment in all three planes.

The horn shall possess a throat of 2.54-cm (1.00-in.) diameter and shall be provided with a 1³/₈"-18 thread for the mounting of a compression driver. The horn shall be 36.8 cm (14.5 in.) high, 69.9 cm (27.5 in.) wide and 38.1 cm (15.0 in.) deep. It shall weight no more than 3.2 kg (7.0 lb).

The horn shall be the University Sound model Cobreflex III folded sectoral horn.

WARRANTY (LIMITED) —

University Sound Speakers and Speaker Systems (excluding active electronics) are guaranteed for five years from date of original purchase against malfunction due to defects in workmanship and materials. If such malfunction occurs, unit will be repaired or replaced (at our option) without charge for materials or labor if delivered prepaid to University Sound. Unit will be returned prepaid. Warranty does not extend to finish, appearance items, burned coils, or malfunction due to abuse or operation under other than specified conditions, including cone and/or coil damage resulting from improperly designed enclosures, nor does it extend to incidental or consequential damages. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above exclusion may not apply to you. Repair by other than University Sound will void this guarantee. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

For warranty repair and service information on University Sound products, contact: University Sound, 10500 West Reno, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73128 (405/324-5311 or 800/444-9516); Attention: Customer Service Department.

For technical assistance, contact the Technical Services Representative at University Sound.

Repair locations:

Speaker products including LR Line radiators, PI Series speakers, CDP848AT, CDP850T, Musicaster100, FC100, Interface Series, MC Series, SP Series, and TK60: University Sound, 600 Cecil Street, Buchanan, MI 49107; Attention: Service Department.

All other paging speakers and speaker products: University Sound, 10500 West Reno, Oklahoma City, OK 73128; Attention: Service Department.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

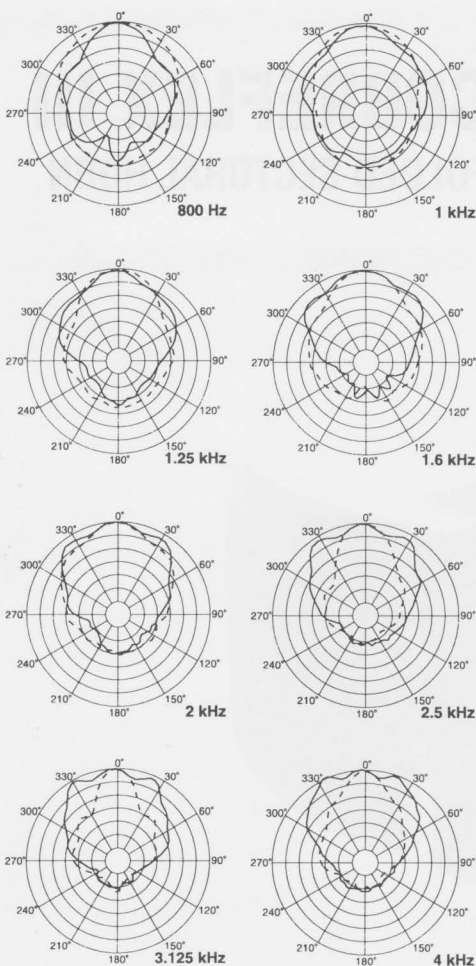


FIGURE 2
Cobreflex III Polar Response

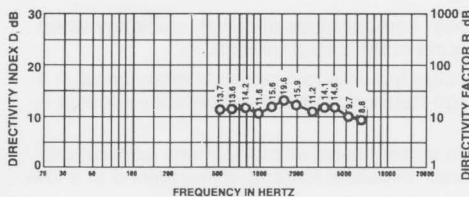


FIGURE 3
Cobreflex III Directivity Factor and
Directivity Index vs. Frequency

